

## INTRODUCTION

The release of OSA v.6.0 carries important changes in ISGRI calibration, especially related to tables of pixel gain/offset (LUT1) and event energy correction (LUT2). An important issue is also related to the production of new off-axis correction maps by ISDC (Lubinsky 2006). These maps, delivered as file *isgr-effi-mode-0008.fits*, are computed in 62 energy bands and replace the original standard correction file (256 maps in *isgr-effi-mode-0004.fits*).

During November, first extensive tests made in Rome, Saclay and ISDC especially on the Crab calibration data, have emphasized some important difference respect to OSA v.5, i.e.:

- an important count rate increase at low energies (E<100 keV), quantified as ~5 to 10%
- · slightly lower count rates at high energies
- residual structure around ~90 keV

The main reason of the count rate increase was identified to be related to the new off-axis correction, giving significantly lower efficiency compared to the standard ones, while the less counts at higher energies can be attributed to the change of the default Rise-Time acceptance window (upper threshold lowered from 90 to 80). The structure around 90 keV can be ascribed to a non-accurate modelling og the gold fluorescence line (F. Lebrun, email 16 Nov 2006).

While the last two effects can be considered marginal, the first one (count rate increase) is relevant.

A practical problem rising with the new maps is that they require a different S/W processing (in particular, they are normalised in different way respect to the standard maps) and hence require changes in the OSA-6 modules, especially *ii-map-rebin* and *ii-spectra-extract*. These changes have been well-determined only recently, after the first tests were performed.



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## PRODUCTION OF RESPONSE MATRICES

Another important issue is related to the redistribution matrix (RMF), which is now computed by MC taking into account the modelling of the Rise-Time. The current RMF/ARF delivered to ISDC is the raw response derived by MC and must be corrected for threshold evolution and (possibly) residual gain/offset changes. However, in order to perform this we need a stable OSA-6 release on which to extract the in flight calibration data. Due to the above problems, it was decided and agreed to have a backup solution based on:

- implementation of the standard maps
- use of the current OSA-5 redistribution matrix

This solution consists in the production of ARF files similar to the ones delivered in OSA-5. Original ARF curves derived by MC are corrected by the count rate spectra from Crab, extracted with a test release of OSA-6 made available by ISDC (as of 20 Sept 2006) and replacing the off-axis maps in the IC file tree with the old standard maps. See Appendix for the exact configuration of the IBIS executables in this OSA-6 release.

This short document is conceived as an accompanying note to the delivery of these ARFs.

Old off-axis maps have been used to avoid normalisation



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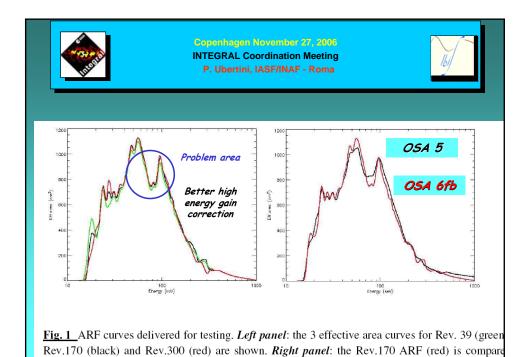
## **ARF VALIDITY**

Three ARFs were produced and delivered to ISDC. Here it follows the energy range and periods of validity to which they are related:

File Name	Energy Range	Time Period
isgri-smo-rev039-osa6fb.arf	20-450 keV	Rev < 64
isgri-smo-rev170-osa6fb.arf	18.5-450 keV	65 < Rev < 255
isgri-smo-rev300-osa6fb.arf	18.5-450 keV	Rev > 255

In Fig.1 are plotted the shapes of the newly delivered curves while in Fig.2, is shown the performance of the correction for the 3 Crab observations to which the ARFs are nromalised.

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with the current (OSA-5) curve shown in black colour.

