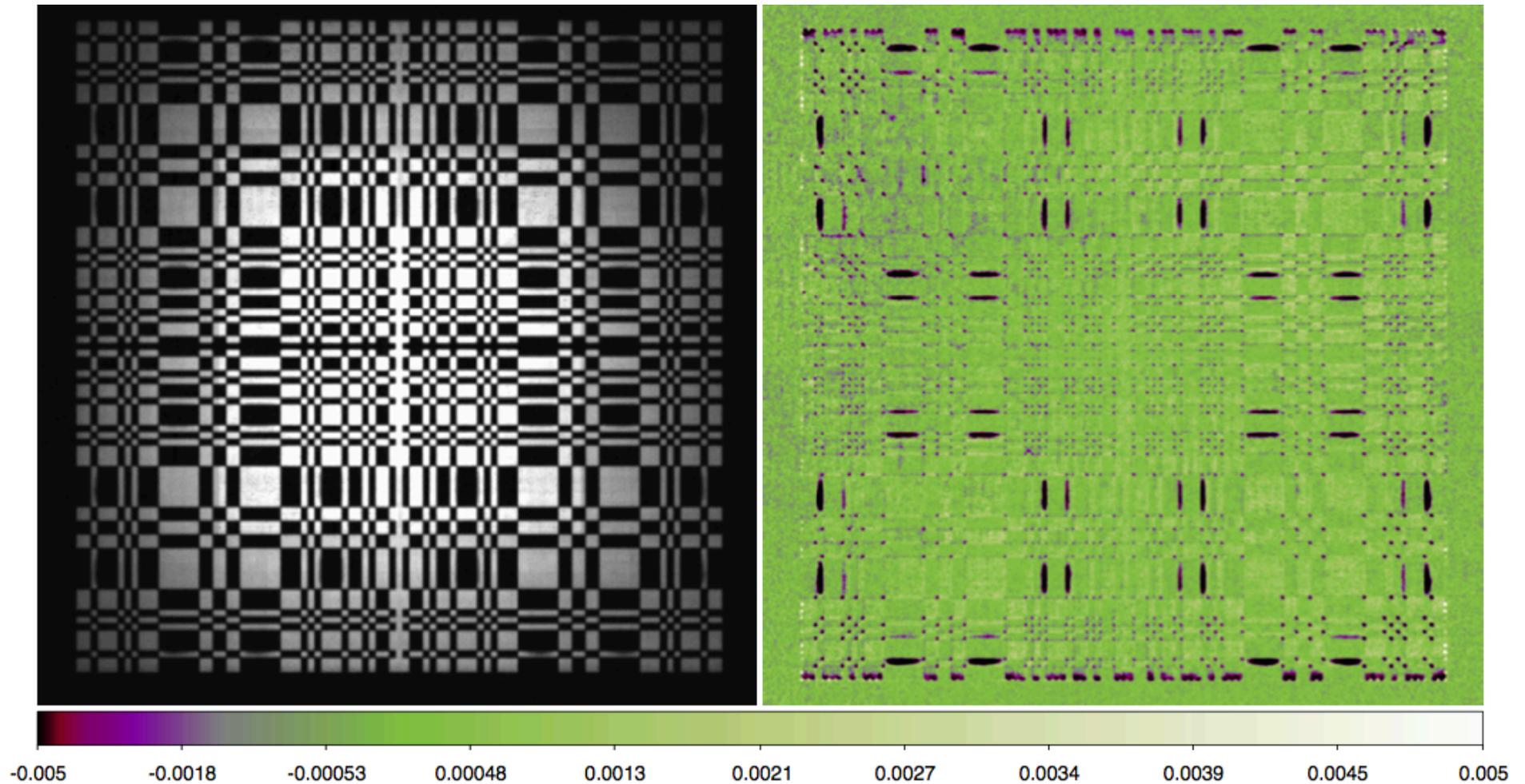


IBIS mask calibration and modeling

Simona Soldi

Mask image

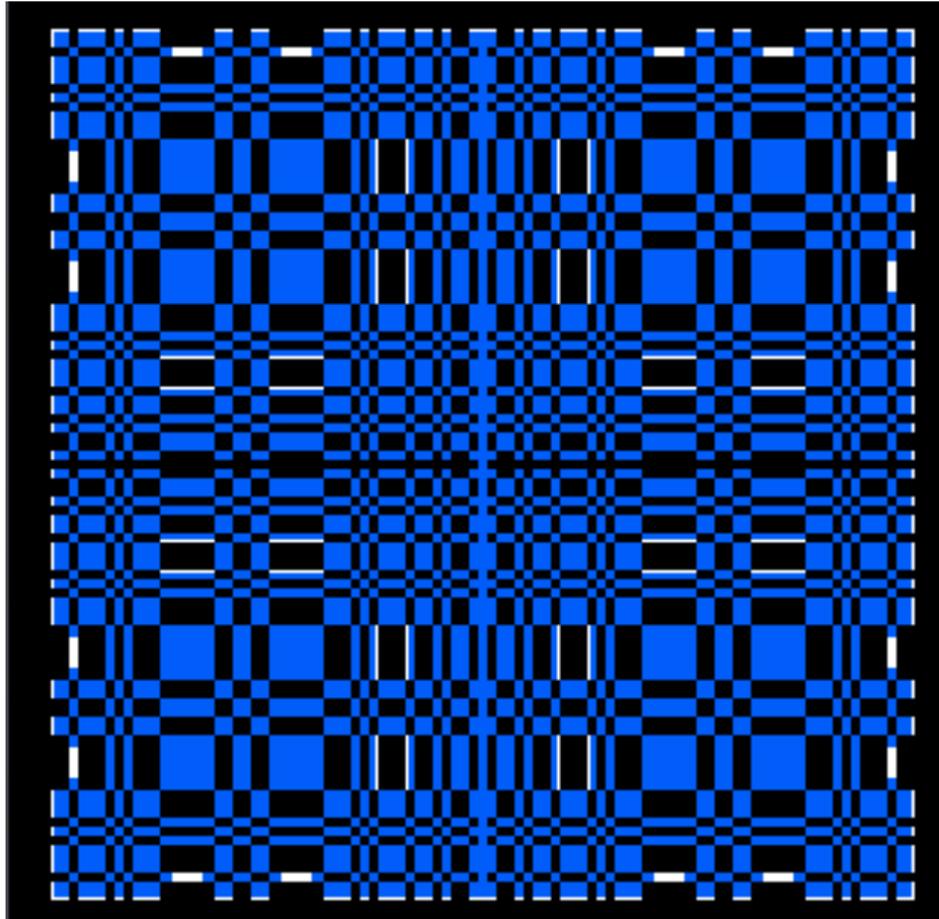
Mask defect image



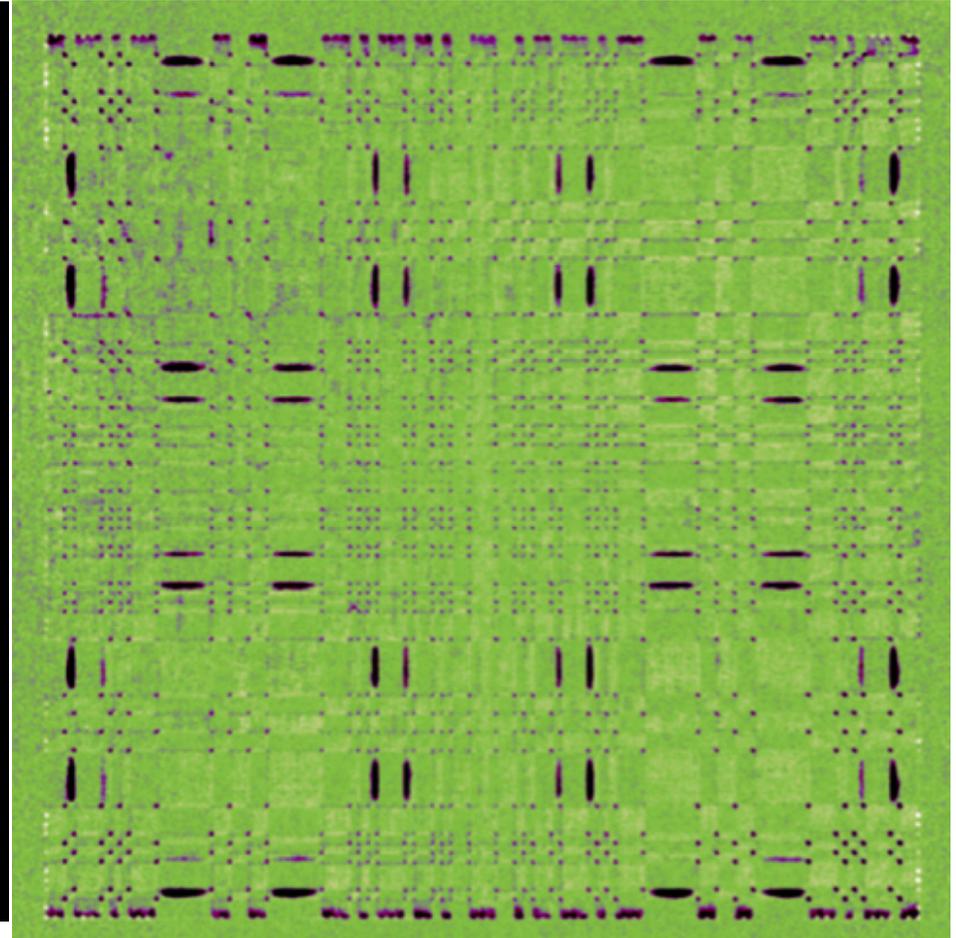
all Crab and Cyg X-1 data < rev 1141
(one more rev to be added from autumn 2012)

Ghost busters: exclude the detector pixels corresponding to the projection of a bright source through mask elements affected by defects (screws, glue)

exclusion mask used by ghost busters

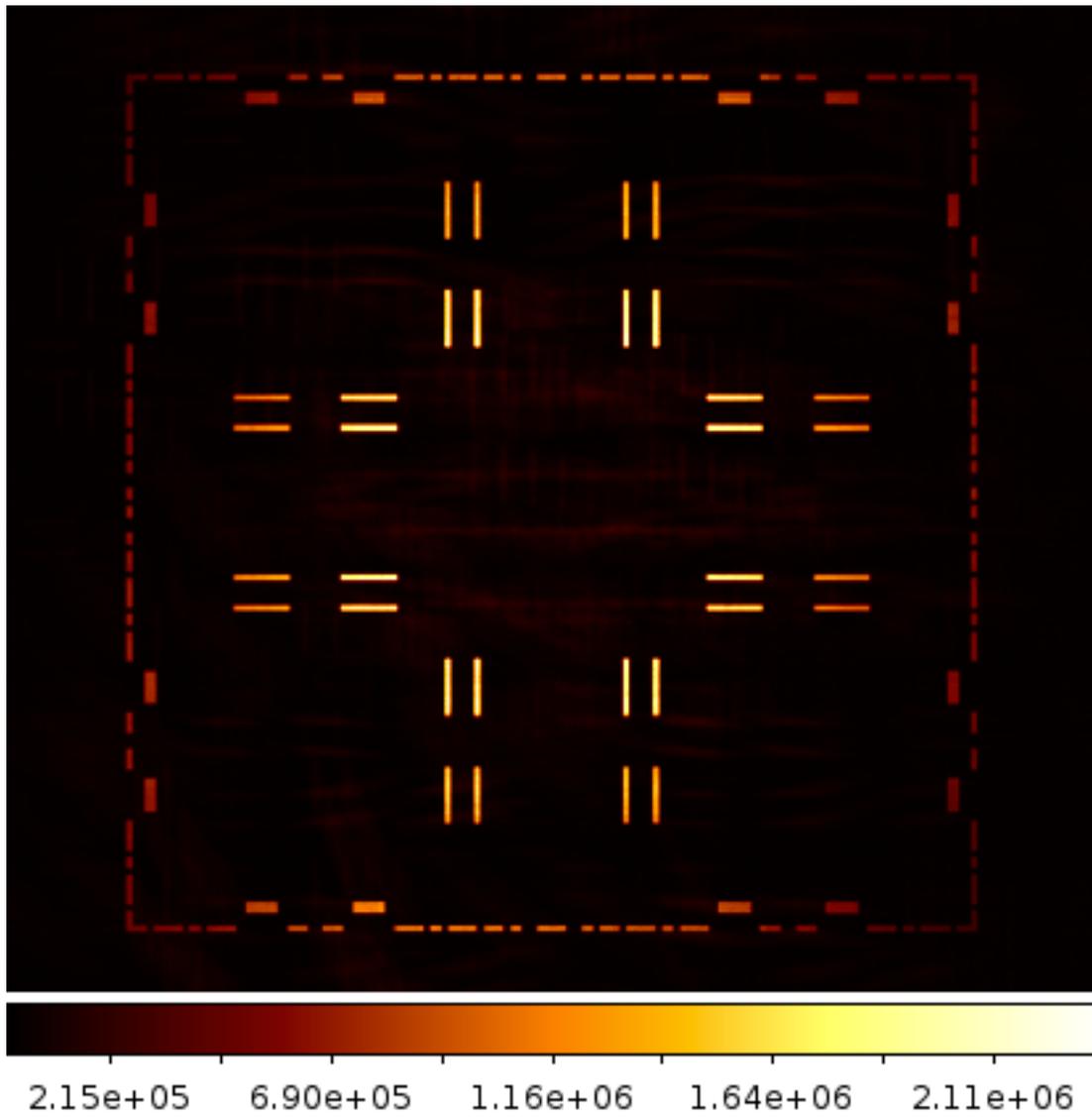


mask defect radiography



Black = opaque elements Blue = transparent elements
White = elements excluded by ghost busters

Making a mask radiography after including ghost busters (I)



Difference of exposure maps:
without – with ghost busters

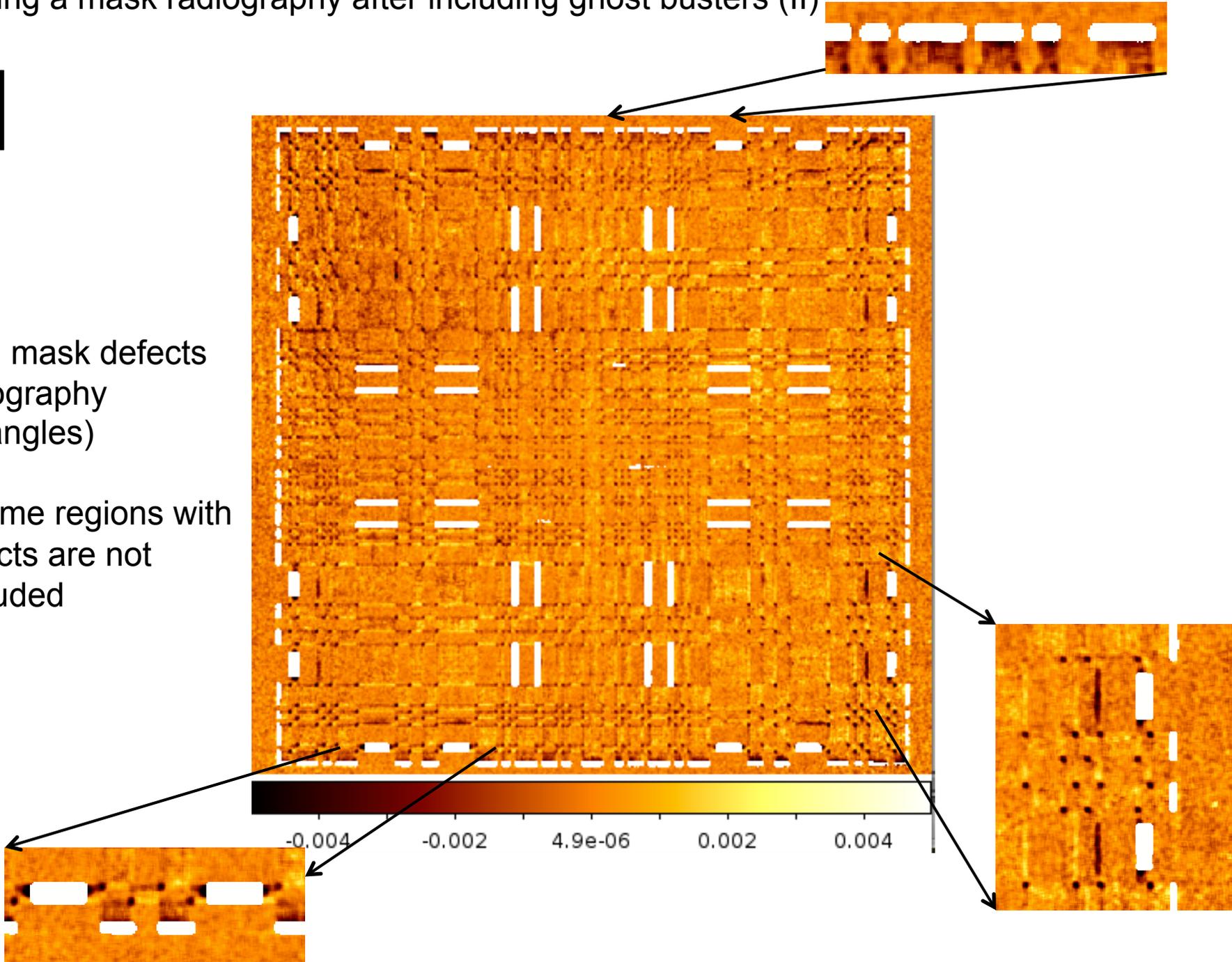
→ It highlights the regions
excluded by ghost busters

Making a mask radiography after including ghost busters (II)

A

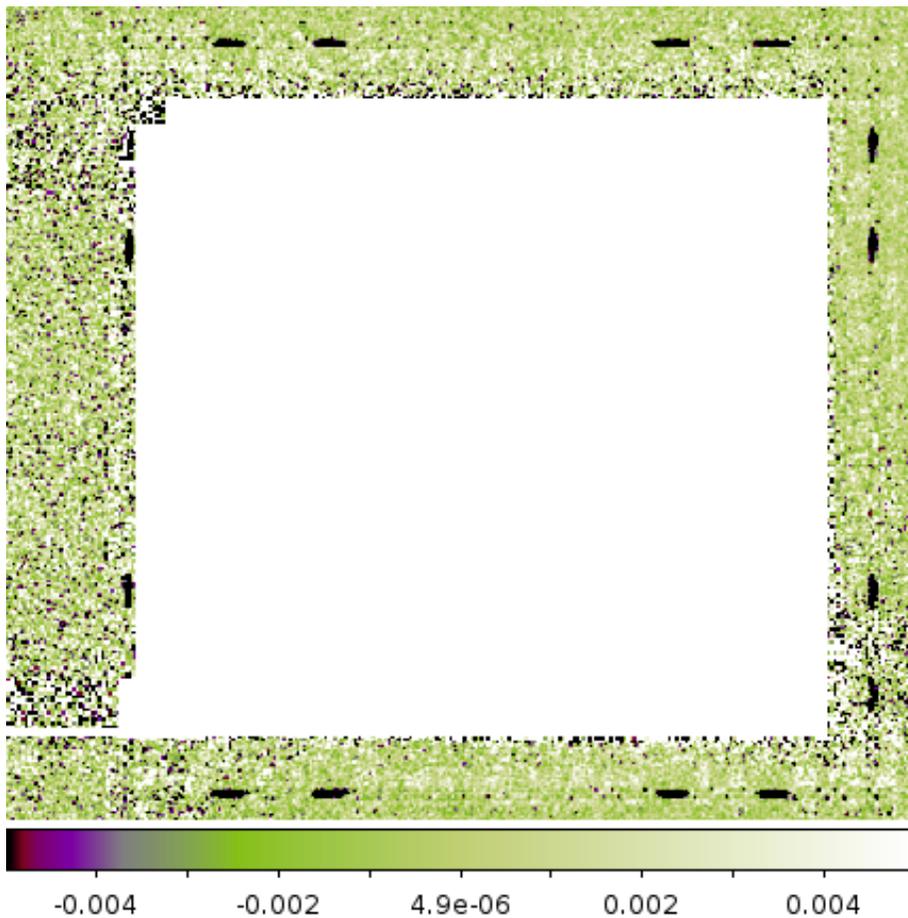
Total mask defects radiography (all angles)

→ some regions with defects are not excluded



Making a mask radiography after including ghost busters (III)

B



Mask defects radiography
using sources whose FOV pixel
coordinates $|y| > 160$ or $|z| > 160$

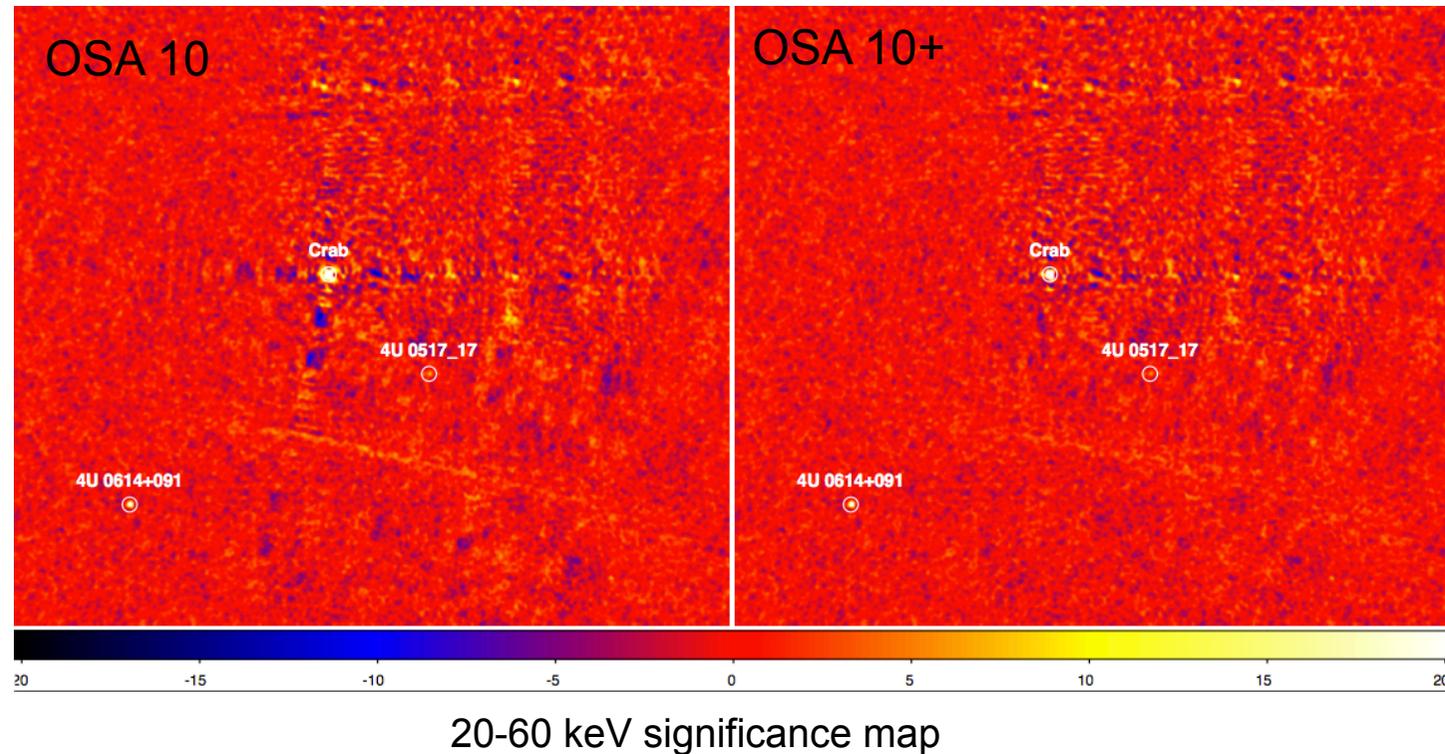
→no ghost buster applied
at all by OSA

data from 319 scw of the Crab and Cyg X-1

B

Increasing the limits to apply ghost busters to very off-axis sources

FOV pixel coordinates limits for ghost busters: from [-160,160] to [-180,180]



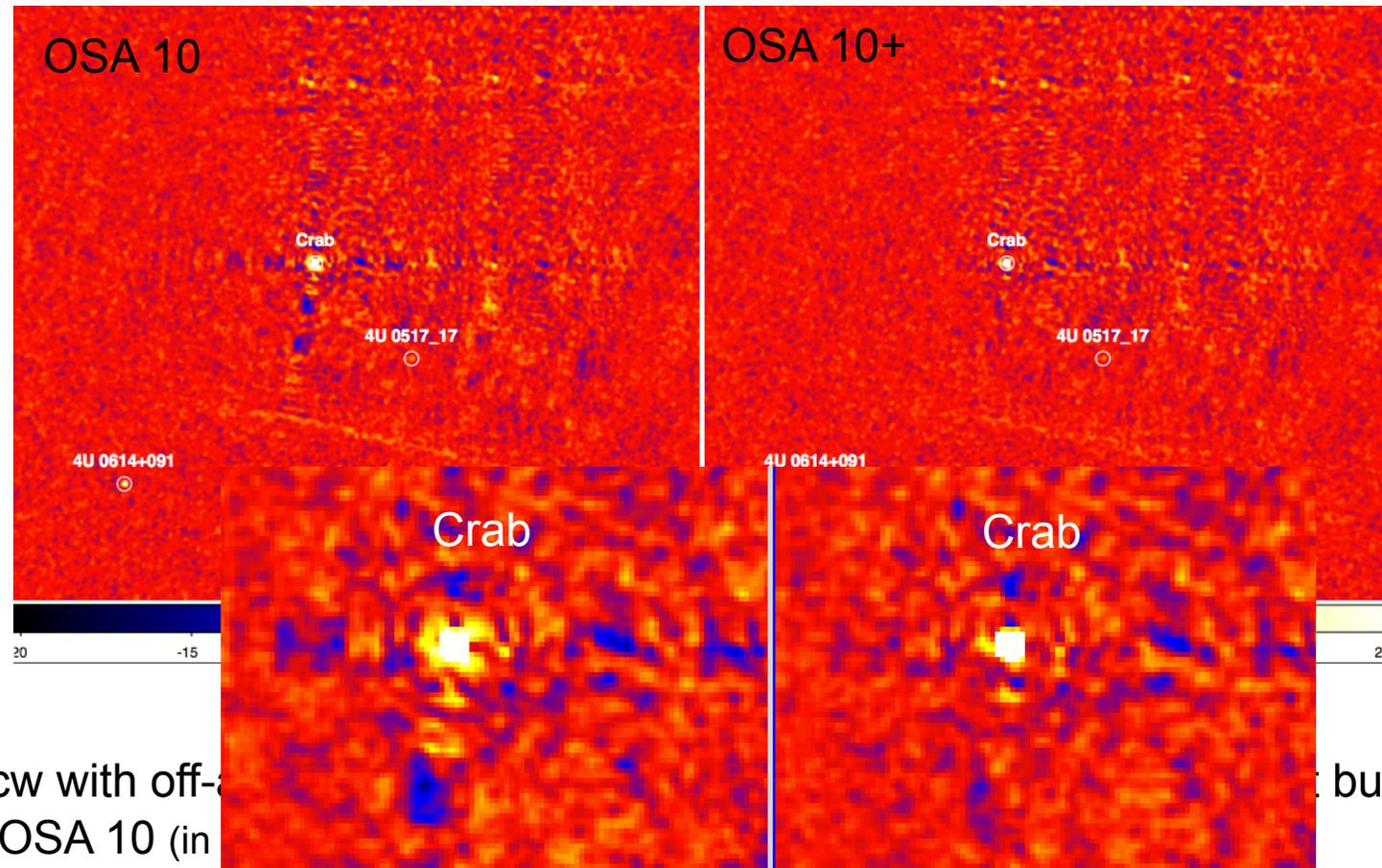
All Crab scw with off-axis 13-20°, i.e., 112 scw, 60% of which have no ghost busters applied in OSA 10 (in general, ~2.3% of Crab scw have by default no ghost busters)

- $\sigma_{\text{Gauss,OSA10}} = 1.363 \pm 0.002 \rightarrow \sigma_{\text{Gauss,OSA10+}} = 1.337 \pm 0.002$
- most prominent noise structures decreased by a factor of 2-5
- pixels with $|\text{value}| > 10\sigma$ decreased by 45%
- similar results when tested on Cyg X-1
(in general, ~7.4% of Cyg X-1 scw have by default no ghost busters)

B

Increasing the limits to apply ghost busters to very off-axis sources

FOV pixel coordinates limits for ghost busters: from $[-160, 160]$ to $[-180, 180]$



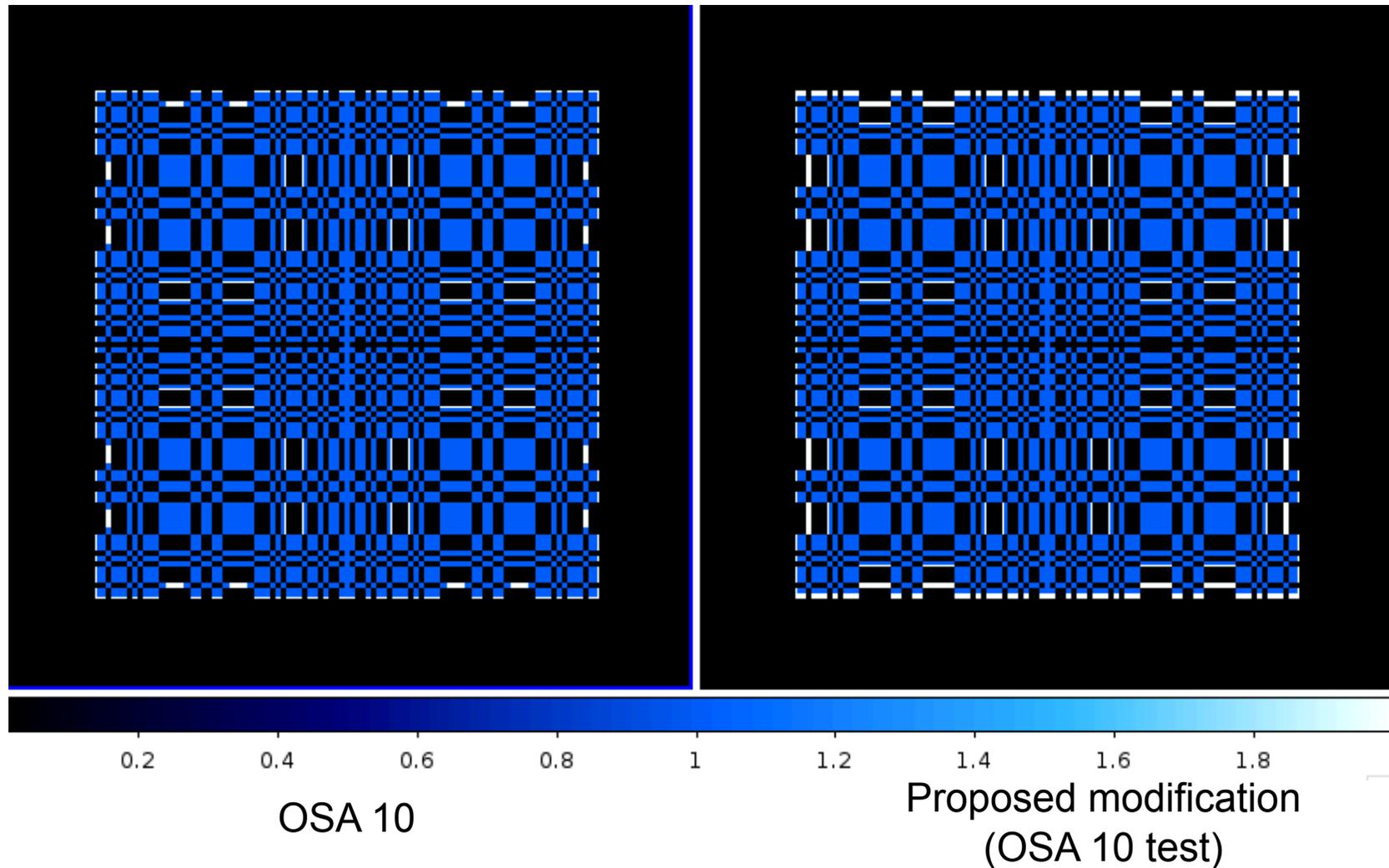
All Crab scw with off-axis sources were processed with ghost busters applied in OSA 10 (in addition to the standard processing)

- $\sigma_{\text{Gauss,OSA10}} = 1.363 \pm 0.002 \rightarrow \sigma_{\text{Gauss,OSA10+}} = 1.337 \pm 0.002$
- most prominent noise structures decreased by a factor of 2-5
- pixels with $|\text{value}| > 10\sigma$ decreased by 45%
- similar results when tested on Cyg X-1
(in general, $\sim 7.4\%$ of Cyg X-1scw have by default no ghost busters)

A

Modifying the exclusion mask used by ghost busters

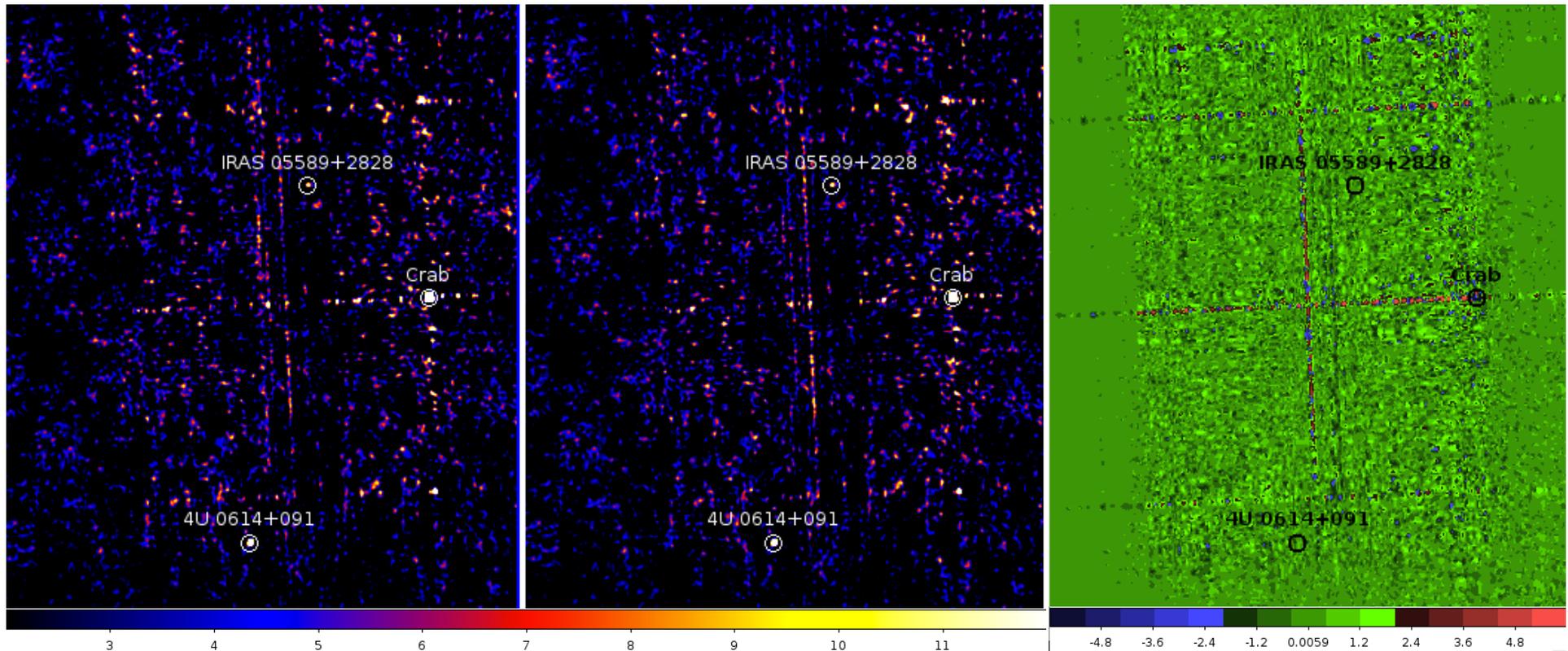
Black = opaque elements Blue = transparent elements White = excluded by ghost busters



From 2% to 3.5% mask elements excluded

A

Modifying the exclusion mask used by ghost busters



OSA 10
significance map (20-60 keV)

OSA 10 test
significance map (20-60 keV)

$\Delta = \text{OSA 10} - \text{OSA 10 test}$
significance maps

Second order correction (data set: 464 scw with Crab at 7-16°)

- $\sigma_{\text{Gauss,OSA10}} = \sigma_{\text{Gauss,OSA10,test}}$
- pixels with $|\text{value}| > 10\sigma$ decreased by 14%
- 2844 pixels with $|\Delta| > 2\sigma$
 - $\Delta > 2\sigma$ for 65% $\Delta < -2\sigma$ for 35% → global net improvement

Summary and perspectives

- Modification of the position limits to apply ghost busters: significant improvements when bright sources at the edges of the FOV (from 14° to 20°) (case B)
→ ready to be included in the next OSA release
- Additional possible modification needed to correctly identify sources at the edge of the FOV ($|y| > 175$ or $|z| > 177$). Currently under investigation
- Modification of the exclusion mask used by ghost busters: second order improvements. More testing needed for other sources and in crowded fields (case A)
- Bridges modeling: corrections in the model needed?
- Mask calibration work to be continued by ???

